



# SALE OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AGREEMENT

{Name}, henceforth known as "Buyer," wishes to purchase the intellectual property listed below ("Intellectual Property") from {Name}, henceforth known as "Seller."

As such, Buyer and Seller agree to the following definitions and provisions:

## 1. Definition of Intellectual Property

1.1 Buyer agrees to purchase from Seller the Intellectual Property described herein, and any rights, trademarks, etc., associated with said Intellectual Property.

1.2 Intellectual Property, for the purposes of this agreement, is defined as follows:

{description of the Intellectual Property being sold, which may be continued on schedule(s) or attachment(s), if necessary}

## 2. Sale of Intellectual Property

2.1 Seller agrees that {he/she/it} has the authority to transfer this Intellectual Property, and further agrees that selling the Intellectual Property means that from the date of this agreement, Seller has no further claims to the Intellectual Property.

2.2 Seller agrees that the description of the Intellectual Property here (and on any included schedules or attachments) is accurate and thorough, and that no facets of the Intellectual Property have been left out of this agreement.

2.3 Seller agrees to transfer any and all rights to the Intellectual Property, which will give Buyer the right to, among other things, exploit the Intellectual Property for profit. Seller agrees that {he/she/it} has no further rights to the Intellectual Property, and {he/she/it} will not make any further profit, or any other kind of gain or benefit, as a result of a connection to the Intellectual Property, unless otherwise specified in the below paragraph.

2.4 As such, the sale price of the Intellectual Property is {amount in dollars}, to be paid {description of how payment will be made}. {if Seller is to make any other money after the sale of the rights, such as royalties or bonuses, please note that here}

# Intellectual Property Agreement

# (Pages 1 of 5)

This Deed assigns intellectual property from one person or company to another person or company. The first part of the deed is the Contract Details, which are followed by the Legal Terms.

## CONTRACT DETAILS

# Parties

	A
Smith's Contracting Pty Ltd, 22 222 222 222, 1 2000 (Assignor);	Smith Lane, Smithfield, Sydney NSW
(02) 9999 5555	
smith@smithscontracting.com.au	
AND	,
John Smith, 1 Smith Street, Smithfield, Sydney (02) 9999 9999	NSW 2000 (Assignee);
john@smithscontracting.com.au	

## **Deed Summary**

Assigned IP means software code and documentation Assignment Date means date of this deed Assignment Fee (Inc. GST) means \$500

Executed as a Deed on 01 November 2014 Executed by Assignor, in accordance with section 127 of the Corporations Act 2001:



1 of 5

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY SALE AGREEMENT

This Intellectual Property Sale Agreement (the "Agreement") is made and effective July 28", 2009

BETWEEN: EMO Capital Corp. (the "Buyer"), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Nevada with its head office located at:

> 115 He Xiang Road Bai He Village 200000 China

AND: Ray Khan (the "Seller"), an individual resident of the United Kingdom.: Unit 1] Room 5

Listerhills Business Park Campus Road, Bradford BD7 1HR

### AND: Confida Corporate Finance UK

The Mill Lane Mill Lane Hatton Warwickshire

CV35 7HN

WHEREAS, Seller is the owner of certain Intellectual Property identified in detail in Schedule A and Schedule B attached to this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, Buyer, wishes to irrevocably acquire the entire rights, title, and interest in the identified Intellectual Property and exploit such property.

NOW, the parties intent to be legally bound and agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS

"Technology" means any technology owned by Seller and sold to the Buyer, related to providing IVR functionality on a mobile phone or IP endpoint including, without limitation, all Intellectual property Rights and Technical Information.

"Intellectual Property Rights" means all Patents, Trade Marks, Copyrights, System Designs, and other intellectual property rights whether registered or not, owned by Seller and sold to the Buyer, relating to the Intellectual Property described in Schedule A.

"Documents" includes all information fixed in any tangible medium of expression in whatever form or format, and copies thereof.

"Technical Information" means all know-how and related technical knowledge of the Seller, relating to the Intellectual Property described in Schedule A including, without limitation:

(a) All trade secrets and other proprietary know-how, public information, non-proprietary know-how and invention disclosures;

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT

THIS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ASSIGNMENT AGREEMENT ("Agreement"), dated as of the \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_2011, is by and between Midwestern University, a Illinois not for prufit corporation (the "University"), and \_\_\_\_\_\_("Assignor").

## RECITALS

WHEREAS, the University is an educational and research institution which provides facilities and assistance to its employed faculty, staff and students to enable them to carry out research of interest to University and Faculty and Assignor is an employed faculty or staff member or student of University and has and will engage in research in the area of University. (the "Research") during Assignor's employment by University.

WHEREAS, in the course of the Research, Assigner has and may create intellectual Property, as defined below, and has agreed pursuant to the Patent Policy Statement in the University's Faculty Handbook, to assign such Intellectual Property to the University.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual understandings, covenants and agreements set forth herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, II' IS AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

### ARTICLE 1

## ASSIGNMENT OF INVENTIONS, TRADE SECRETS AND OTHER WORKS

1.1 <u>Assignment Of Intellectual Property</u>. During such time that Assignor has been or is employed or otherwise engaged by the University (the "Period of Engagement"). Assignor agrees that any and all inventions, discoveries, designs, original works of authorship, mask works, developments, concepts, know-how, improvements or trade secrets, whether or not patentable or registrable under patent, copyright or similar laws, which (a) Assignor may solely or jointly conceive or develop or reduce to practice, or cause to be conceived or developed or reduced to practice and which relate to the Research, or (b) which result from Assignor's use of University's materials, equipment, facilities, or confidential information (all such material in (a) and (b) above, collectively referred to as "Intellectual Property"), shall be the sole and exclusive property of University throughout the world. Assignor further agrees that: (1) to the extent any intellectual Property is not a work for hire or is subject to patent protection. Assignor hereby assigns to the University, or its designee, all of Assignor's right, title and interest to such intellectual Property throughout the world.

1.2 Prior Obligations. Assignot represents that Assignor's performance of all terms of this Agreement has not breached and will not breach any prior agreement assigning or to assign or to keep in confidence proprietary information, knowledge or data acquired by Assignor prior to the commencement of the Period of Engagement, and Assignor agrees that the Research

### **IP** (Intellectual Property) Sale Agreemen

#### This IP (intellectual Property) Lale Agreement is made and ensued into as of the date of grant art forth below

BITWEEN	(20%/have hand) (the "belier"), a corporation, organization with complete address

AND: [[1494,[15] halo]] (the " Buyer"), with complete actives.

WellBLAL laber is the paner of center intellectual Property clearified in detail in Schedul effected to this Agreement, and

WHEREAS, hove: within to interceptly acquire the antite right, rite, and intered in the identified intellectual impacty and explicit such property.

ACM, THEREPOR, the party's intent to be legally bound and agree as follows .

### TORMS OF THE AGREEMENT

 Any and all intellectual Property lights that have active to will arise in the trans of the designer as a result of any early done for the Assigner and/or during the Degagement.
 Instructual Property Egitts: patents, utility models, rights to inventions, suppright and neighbourd probability Egitts: patents, utility models, rights to inventions, suppright and neighbourd path initiated rights, trademarks and service merits, fourness names and domain names, rights in gal up and trade these, posterial and the right to sue, and protect the or other compatition, rights in designs, distates rights, rights to use, and protect the confidentially of confidential information (including provident registrated or unregistered and including all applications and rights to apply for and be greened, measures or amendons of, and rights to same friends from such rights and an order or equivalent rights or forms of protection inter labels for other states or or the future registered rights or forms of protection inter labels for other states or or the future.

- In any part of the world. • Unless the control of between requires, words in the angular shall include the plural and incluse world and include the insector.
- In the pruni shall include the program. • Union the context otherware regulate, a sherence to one pender shall include a reference to the other penders.
- A reference to any perty shall include that party's personal representatives, successor
- and permitted weight.

  A selection to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as amended, estended.
- or related from time to time.

#### A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate regulation made from time to time under that statute or statutory provision.

- REPRESENTATIONS AND IN
  - Safer has the right, power and authority to enter into this Agreement.
     Safer is the exclusive owners of all right, this and interest in the Technology free of any
  - Selecting internet, charge or encombinence
     Select contents, that all documents, computer records, doks and other meterical of any nature of land containing the Technology or any portion thereof have been turned over
  - to buyes, and the balan will not retain the technology, or any portion theread, in any turn induces with the closing of the solition transaction except as specifically permitted forwardse.
  - The installational Property does not introduce the rights of any person or write. There are no claims, pending or threasened, with respect to believe rights in the installational Property.
  - This Agreement is said, binding and oriforciaatis in accordance with its terms.
     Safer is not subject to any agreement, judgment or order incordated with the terms of this agreement.

Each party represents that it has provided the other party a property associated HS from thom tendency or any similar form under the loss of Dates reasonably requested by Reubers (from the Company).

## CONTRACT

This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and all of which together shall be deemed to be one and the some instrument.

### SPACEAGE/TY

If any term, provision, covenant or condition of this Apreement, or the application thereof to any parson, place or circumstance, shall be heat to a court of compatient parabilities to be involut, unenforceable or used, the remainder of this Applement and such term, provision, covered or condition as applied to other persons, places and circumstances shall remain in ful force and effect.

### 1004054/0101

- Assignments in the legal and thereficial owner of, and owns all the rights and interests in, the Assignment States.
- Autiproving not licensed or applyed any of the Autipred Highs.
- Acceptor Accepted Repts are from any security interest, option, montpage, charge archest
- Acceptor is unavoire of any inforgeneet or likely inforgeneet of any of the accepted system.

Under Article 3 of this convention, WIPO seeks to "promote the protection of intellectual property throughout the world". ^ "WIPO International Classifications". p. 12. IBRD, IFC and IDA are Specialized Agencies of the UN ... weboldala". www.crt.org.mx. ^ WIPO GREEN: A Novel System For The Transfer Of Environmentally Sound Technologies (PDF). A patent application filed under the PCT is called an international application, or PCT application, For other uses, see Wipo. Archived from the original on 12 March 2018. The main topics currently under discussion are the protection of broadcasting organizations and limitations and exceptions. 17 September 2015. www.nyulawglobal.org. Specialised agency of the United Nations "WIPO" redirects here. Text was copied from this source, which is available under a Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 IGO (CC BY 3.0 IGO) license. Oman Observer. 2018. Retrieved 20 July 2021. ^ Organization, World Intellectual Property; Intellectual Property; Intellectual Propriété (1992). Retrieved 15 July 2016. Patent Law Treaty Convention for the Protection of Phonograms Against Unauthorized Duplication of Their Phonograms, also known as the Geneva Phonograms Convention, is a 1971 international agreement relating to copyright protection for sound recordings. ^ "WIPO - Consulted 26 June 2013". WIPO publication: 23. External links Wikimedia Commons has media related to World Intellectual Property Organization. ^ "Upcoming Seminar - Dr. Peter Hotez on a New Generation of Products to Combat NTDs". ^ idapuzone. IP Australia & the Department of Industry, Innovation and Science. ^ "WIPO Hague Express". Retrieved 9 July 2021.{{cite book}}: CS1 maint: url-status (link) ^ "Madrid System". The Division also conducts economic analysis on how government IP and innovation policies affect economic performance.[149] Infrastructure and Platforms Sector The Infrastructure and Platforms sector develops, implements and maintains the various databases,[150][152][153] and platforms [154][155][156][157][158] of the Organization that are targeted at and used by intellectual property offices, legal professionals, researchers, and other specialized users. Archived from the original on 11 May 2012. www.ige.ch. The classification system is specified by the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO). ^ "Alternative Dispute Resolution". www.wipo.int. doi:10.34667/tind.41057. ^ "Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property". World Intellectual Property Organization. ^ www.peru.travel . ^ Mihaly Ficsor, 'Copyright for the Digital Era: the WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty (WPPT)". Archived from the original on 26 November 2013. Cptech.org. ^ WIPO (2016). P. Archived from the original on 21 April 2021. PCT applications, including an international search for documents relevant to the potential patentability of the invention and international publication. [38] Granting patents remains under the control of the regional or national patent Offices in the "national phase". Retrieved 30 March 2020. { {cite web}}: CS1 maint: archived from the original on 19 November 2020. p. 203. Archived from the original on 27 September 2016. The first twenty-five years of the World Intellectual Property Organization, from 1967 to 1992. ^ "World Intellectual Property Report". The number of specialized agencies thus rose to fifteen. ^ Bogsch, Árpád; Organization, World Intellectual Property (1995). ^ "Inside WIPO". Nice Agreement Concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks Strasbourg Agreement Concerning the International Patent Classification The Strasbourg Agreement, is an international treaty that established a common classification for patents for invention, inventors' certificates, utility models and utility certificates, known as the "International Patent Classification" (IPC).[116] The treaty was signed in Strasbourg, France, on March 24, 1971, it entered into force on October 7, 1975,[117] and was amended on September 28, 1979. Archived from the original on 22 October 2013. The first World Intellectual Property Day was held in 2001.[148] Sectors and divisions Economics and Statistics Division gathers data on intellectual property activity worldwide and publishes statistics. The first World Intellectual Property Day was held in 2001.[148] Sectors and Statistics Division WIPO's Economics and Stati (2015). gz.com. p. 26. History Pre BIRPI 1883 - Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property Main article: Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property has 96 contracting parties, with a party defined as a State which has consented to be bound by the treaty and for which the treaty is in force.[102][103] Rome Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations Singapore Treaty on the Law of Trademarks was adopted in Singapore on 28 March 2006.[104] It entered into force on 16 March 2009,[105] following the ratification or accession of ten countries, namely Singapore, Switzerland, Bulgaria, Romania, Denmark, Latvia, Kyrgyzstan, United States, Moldova, and Australia.[106] The treaty establishes common standards for procedural aspects of trademark registration and licensing. ^ "WIPO Translate". ^ Birkbeck, Carolyn Deere (25 March 2016). Wikiguote has quotations related to: World Intellectual Property Organization Official website List of member states Retrieved from " ^ Smith, R. Retrieved 9 July 2020. Retrieved 9 July 2021. (18 March 2016). Specifically, the Division is responsible for meeting all the Director General's representation and hospitality protocol-related needs and protocol-related needs for meetings and events. [160][161][162] Traditional Knowledge Division The Traditional Knowledge Division Carries out WIPO's work on genetic resources, traditional cultural expressions and traditional knowledge Division Carries out WIPO's work on genetic resources, traditional cultural expressions and traditional knowledge Division Carries out WIPO's work on genetic resources, traditional cultural expressions and traditional knowledge Division Carries out WIPO's work on genetic resources, traditional cultural expressions and traditional knowledge Division Carries out WIPO's through its seven service areas.[163] These include supporting indigenous and local community entrepreneurship in making strategic and effective use of intellectual property advice on the documentation of traditional knowledge and traditional cultural expressions; organizing hands-on training, mentoring and distance learning programs; and acting as a global reference of information resources, traditional knowledge and traditional cultural expressions, as well as maintaining a repository of regional, national and community experiences. Archived from the original on 13 October 2013. doi:10.34667/tind.28775. ResearchGate. www.intellectualpropertymagazine.com. www.ejpd.admin.ch. ^ "Technologies". (27 October 1975). Using the PCT, patent applicants can postpone paying national and regional patent-related fees while they learn about the likelihood of obtaining a patent, benefitting from the additional time and information to help them decide whether, and in which countries, to pursue patents.[39][40] Madrid System for the International Registration of Marks serves as a means to seek protection for trademarks worldwide, in over 120 countries.[41][42] Created in 1891, the Madrid System is now governed by the Madrid Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks (1989). As of May 2015, 30 states are party to the convention and 1000 appellations of Origin has been registered. [113] Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Protocol Relating to the Marks Protocol Re Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) is an international patent law treaty, concluded in 1970. Retrieved 15 September 2021. International Trademark Association. "World Intellectual Property Report on the Changing Face of Innovation, the first such report of the new Office of the Chief Economist.[30] WIPO is also a co-publisher of the Global Innovation Index.[31] Recent events WIPO members In September 2020 China blocked the Wikimedia Foundation from observer status at WIPO citing the existence of a Wikimedia affiliate in Taiwan. Retrieved 3 October 2020. The agreement extended copyright related rights protection for the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright related
rights protection for the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright related rights protection for the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright related rights protection for the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright related rights protection for the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright related right of the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright related right of the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright of the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright of the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to a copyright of the first time to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relationship to entities or individuals who are not the author but have a close relation the author but have a close relation to entities or Documentation. ^ "Resources". Archived from the original on 11 March 2018. [71] It is based in Geneva, Switzerland and since 2010 the Center has had an office at Maxwell Chambers in Singapore. [72][73][74] Hague System The WIPO Hague System T securing protection of up to 100 designs[76][77] in multiple countries or regions, through a single international application. ^ "World Intellectual Property Indicators". doi:10.1016/0006-291x(75)90498-2. The treaty is administered by the World Intellectual Property Indicators". September 2021. ^ "External Review Of WIPO Re:Search Shows Successes, Areas For Further Work". "Metal substitutions incarbonic anhydrase: a halide ion probe study". Intellectual Property Watch. Retrieved 4 September 2017. ^ "WIPO CASE - Centralized Access to Search and Examination". It was adopted on 26 June 2012 by the Diplomatic Conference on the Protection of Audiovisual Performances of the World Intellectual Property Organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental, and six non-governmental organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental, and six non-governmental organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental organization, in which 156 WIPO member states, six intergovernmental, and six non-governmental, and six non-go 29 February 2012. WIPO administers 26 international treaties that concern a wide variety of intellectual property issues, ranging from the protection of audiovisual works to establishing international patent classification.[8] It is governed by the General Assembly and the Coordination Committee, which together set policy and serve as the main decision making bodies. ^ "Volume 10, February 2020, The new GRUR International" (PDF). ^ "Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks". ^ "WIPO Knowledge Repository". Retrieved 4 March 2020. World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO). ^ "Hague - The International Design System". Generalitat Valenciana. {{cite web}}: CS1 maint: url-status (link) ^ "WIPO GREEN: The Global Marketplace for Sustainable Technology". ^ "World Intellectual Property unit". "Beijing blocked Wikimedia from a UN agency because of "Taiwan-related issues"". ^ Organization, World Intellectual Property; Organization, World Intellectual Prop Cooperation Treaty (PCT) 1970-1995. It entered into force on August 19, 1980, [112] and was later amended on September 26, 1980. "WIPO unveils course on genetic resources in the life sciences". Archived from the original on 28 March 2020. Global Innovation Index. There are 17 Specialized Agencies: ... "The WIPO Intergovernmental Committee on Intellectual Property and Genetic Resources, Traditional Knowledge and Folklore". ^ "Shabalala et al. ^ "WIPO Adopts Open Access Policy for its Publications". Retrieved 6 December 2014. Life Sciences IP Review. ^ "Results, Budget and Performance". ^ "Global Innovation Index (GII)". According to the Chinese statement "there is reason to believe that this foundation has been carrying out political activities through its member organizations which could undermine the state's sovereignty and territorial integrity."[32][33] Global services Patent Cooperation Treaty Main article: Patent Cooperation Treaty Main article: Patent Cooperation Treaty The Patent Cooperation Treaty Main article: Patent Cooperation Treaty Patent Cooperation Treaty Main article: Patent Cooperation Treaty Main arti companies, and institutions in seeking patent protection internationally for their inventions. [34][35] It also helps patent offices with their patent granting decisions and facilitates public access to technical information relating to those inventions. [34][35] It also helps patent offices with their patent granting decisions and facilitates public access to technical information relating to those inventions. [34][35] It also helps patent offices with their patent granting decisions and facilitates public access to technical information relating to those inventions. (September 30 to October 9, 2019)". Retrieved 18 September 2013. ^ "Between the lines: Blind people defeat lobbyists in a tussle about copyright". Archived (PDF) from the original on 27 September 2011. ^ a b "Publications". | Novagraaf". Retrieved 24 February 2012. wipo.int. "Agreement between the United Nations and the World Intellectual Property Organization". The Hague System does not require the application.[82] Funding WIPO, unlike other UN agencies, derives most of its income from fees for the Global IP services it provides as opposed to Member States contributions.[83] In 2020, WIPO's revenue amounted to CHF 468.3 million. [84] In 2020 WIPO generated over 94.3% of its revenue from fees that are paid by users of its intellectual property services for patents, trademarks and industrial designs due to international demand for intellectual property services for patents, trademarks and industrial designs due to international System of Geographical Indications". ^ "WIPO's Coordination Committee Nominates Singapore's Daren Tang for Post of Director General". (2010). The First Hundred Years of the Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks. ^ September 2020. Archived from the original (PDF) on 19 October 2013. ^ "United Nations Treaty Collection". "Instituto dos Vinhos do Douro e Porto, I.P." www.ivdp.pt (in Portuguese). ^ "United Nations Treaty Collection". "Instituto dos Vinhos do Douro e Porto, I.P." www.ivdp.pt (in Portuguese). ^ "United Nations Treaty Collection". "Instituto dos Vinhos do Douro e Porto, I.P." www.ivdp.pt (in Portuguese). ^ "United Nations Treaty Collection". "Instituto dos Vinhos do Douro e Porto, I.P." www.ivdp.pt (in Portuguese). ^ "United Nations Treaty Collection". "Instituto dos Vinhos do Douro e Porto, I.P." www.ivdp.pt (in Portuguese). ^ "United Nations Treaty Collection". ^ "Lisbon Express". 2020. ^ "Domain Name Dispute Resolution". Service". Retrieved 31 May 2016. ^ "International trademarks: Is the Madrid System right for you? A protocol was signed by Secretary-General of WIPO Árpád Bogsch, on 21 January 1975, with the Agreement starting on 17 December 1974.[26] WIPO Development agenda In October 2004 WIPO agreed to adopt a proposal offered by Argentina and Brazil, the "Proposal for the Establishment of a Development Agenda for WIPO"-from the Geneva Declaration on the Future of the World Intellectual Property Organization.[27] This proposal was well supported by developing countries. ^ "Diplomatic Conference to Conclude a Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works by Visually Impaired Persons and Persons with Print Disabilities". ^ Prabhu, Conrad (2 April 2021). 20 July 2013. ^ "Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances". A Citizen's Guide to WIPO" (PDF). WIPO has also established an advisory board of Judges, currently comprising 12 members who serve in their personal capacity.[141] WIPO Academy Main article: WIPO Academy The WIPO Academy is the training arm of the World Intellectual Property (IP) education, training and IP skills-building to government officials, inventors, creators, business professionals, small and medium enterprises (SMEs), academics, students and individuals interested in IP.[143] The Academy hosts IP courses through its four programs: the Professional Development Program, University Partnerships, Distance Learning and WIPO Summer Schools.[144][145][146] The Standing Committee on Copyright and Related Rights The Standing Committee on Copyright and Related Rights (SCCR) was created in the 1998 to examine issues in the field of copyright and related rights on substantive law and harmonization. ^ "BUDAPEST TREATY ON THE INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION OF THE DEPOSIT OF MICROORGANISMS FOR THE PURPOSES OF PATENT PROCEDURE Note by the Secretariat (WO/INF/12
REV. International Bureau of Intellectual Property, to one that involved the more complex task of promoting technology transfer and economic development. [25][need quotation to verify] WIPO joining the United Nations WIPO headquarters, Geneva In 1974 WIPO became a specialized agency of the United Nations through a bilateral agreement between WIPO and the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations through a bilateral agreement between WIPO and the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 December 1974, and by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 17 Dece 1974. Herend (in Hungarian). It aims at harmonizing formal procedures such as the requirements to obtain a filing date for a patent application, the form and content of a patent application, and representation. Asia and Pacific Centre for Transfer of Technology. ^ "Fees and Payments - Lisbon System". ISBN 9789280503241. Since the system is recognized in numerous countries, this makes applying for trademarks internationally a more streamlined process. Archived from the original on 27 April 2015. The current Director General is Singaporean Daren Tang, former head of the Intellectual Property Office of Singapore, who began his term on 1 October 2020.[6] WIPO's activities include hosting forums to discuss and shape international IP rules and policies, providing global services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP in different countries, resolving transboundary IP disputes, helping connect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services that register and protect IP systems through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services through uniform standards and services through uniform standards and infrastructure, and services through uniform standards and services through uniform standards and services through uniform stransport to the ser reports and statistics on the state of IP protection or innovation both globally and in specific countries.[7] WIPO also works with governmental organizations (NGOs), and individuals to utilize IP for socioeconomic development. ^ "Hague Guide for Users: Entitlement to File an International Application". ^ "UN Specialized Agencies" ^ Bogsch, Árpád; Organization, World Intellectual Property; Intellectuelle, Organisation Mondiale De La Propriété; Eigentum, Weltorganisation Für Geistiges (1983). Archived from the original on 13 April 2016. Edward Elgar Publishing. ^ "Article 6ter". "World Intellectual Property Report". "The 45 Adopted Recommendations under the WIPO Development Agenda". treaties.un.org. The sector also covers the use of 'frontier technologies' such as artificial intelligence and coordinates WIPO's overall customer goals, strategies and tools.[159] Diplomatic Engagement and Assemblies Affairs Division is directly under the supervision of the Director General, it focuses on engagement with the diplomatic community in Geneva through events, meetings and overseeing the administrative, logistical and other aspects of key meetings including the Assemblies of WIPO. ISBN 978-1-78195-588-8. 28 June 2013. ^ "Geneva Act on GIs officially enters into force - Intellectual Property Magazine". 2007. It provides a unified procedure for filing patent applications to protect inventions in each of its contracting states. doi:10.34667/tind.42330. Retrieved 9 July 2021. {{cite book}}: CS1 maint: url-status (link) ^ "Consumer Project on Technology web site, Geneva Declaration on the Future of the World Intellectual Property Organization". Retrieved 20 April 2011. ^ "New WIPO Advisory Board of Judges members". ^ Chia-nan, Lin. www.jpo.go.jp. BVGH. The Committee includes all member states of the United Nations who are not members of WIPO, and a number of non-governmental and intergovernmental observers. ^ "What is Intellectual Property (IP)?". 66 (4): 1281-1286. Archived from the original on 31 May 2016. PMID 3. ^ "Summary of the Madrid Agreement (1989)". "Oman set to reap rewards from accession to Geneva Act of WIPO's Lisbon Agreement". This work includes convening international meetings between judges, implementing judicial capacity building activities, producing resources and publications for use by judges, and administering the WIPO Lex database that provides free public access to intellectual property (IP) laws, treaties and judicial decisions from around the world. ^ "Publications Hague Yearly Review". ^ "ARDI - Research for Innovation". ^ "WIPO - Search International and National Patent Collections". Innovation policy : a guide for developing countries. A number of civil society bodies have been working on a draft Access to Knowledge (A2K)[29] treaty which they would like to see introduced. ^ "Nice Agreement". The substantive provisions of the Convention fall into three main categories: national treatment, priority right and common rules.[100] Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property Patent Law Treaty (PLT) is a patent law multilateral treaty concluded on 1 June 2000 in Geneva, Switzerland, by 53 States and the European Patent Organisation (an intergovernmental organization). Text was copied from this source, which is available under a Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 IGO (CC BY 3.0 IGO) license. ^ "WIPO Directore". ^ General Congratulates Singapore's Daren Tang on Nomination for Post of Director General". ISBN 9780415742528. Singapore Treaty on the Law of Trademark Law Treaty WiPO Copyright Treaty The World Intellectual Property Organization Copyright Treaty or WCT) is an international treaty or WCT) is an international treaty or WCT). Archived (PDF) from the original on 10 August 2020. Retrieved 11 March 2018. Patent Cooperation Treaty classification treaties that create classification treaties that organize information and industrial designs. [89] Name Description Treaty text Locarno Agreement Establishing an International Classification treaties that create classification treaties that organize information for a system of the sys Industrial Designs Locarno Agreement Establishing an International Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice
Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification of Goods and Services also known as the Nice Classification also known as the Nice Classificat Agreement (1957),[114] is a system of classifying goods and services for the purpose of registering trademarks. ^ "WIPO Global Brand Database". The agreed "WIPO Development Agenda"[28] (composed of over 45 recommendations) was the culmination of a long process of transformation for the organization from one that had historically been primarily aimed at protecting the interests of rightholders, to one that has increasingly incorporated the interests of other stakeholders in the international law on human rights, environment and economic cooperation. ^ "WIPO Digital Access Service". ^ PontoPR. ^ "Standing Committee on the Law of Patents (SCP)". ^ "Publications: World Intellectual Property Indicators (WIPI)". www.kampotpepper.biz. ^ Singapore Treaty on the Law of Trademarks at the World Intellectual Property Indicators (WIPO). International Registration (1958)". ^ "WIPO | Madrid - The International Trademark System". In 2021 it held over 100 million patent documents including 4.2 million published international patent applications. WIPO became a specialized agency of the UN in 1974. Australia, I. 14 April 2020. ^ "Ricoh joins WIPO GREEN and provides 83 patented environmental technologies to contribute to solving social issues". doi:10.34667/tind.30462. "WIPO Launches Unique Image-Based Search for Trademarks, Other Brand Information". "The Global Innovation Index 2014 - The Human Factor in Innovation". "IP Rights Management in Genetic Resources and Data" ^ "WIPO GREEN: Mercado en línea de soluciones al cambio climático". ^ Julie S Sheinblatt, 'The WIPO Copyright Treaty' (1998) 13 (1) Berkeley Technology Law Journal 535 < //doi.org/10.15779/Z383X1Q> ^ "WIPO Copyright Treaty (WCT)". doi:10.34667/tind.28758. p. 333. ^ "Summary of the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (1886)". ARISE+ ASEAN Intellectual Proprty Rights. Retrieved 13 January 2020. Directors General Current WIPO Director General Daren Tang. doi:10.34667/tind.28829. Retrieved 28 March 2020. Although genetic resources, as encountered in nature, are not eligible for IP protection, inventions based on or developed with the use of genetic resources may be patentable.[120] Global health WIPO Re:Search is a public-private partnership between WIPO and the non-profit BIO Ventures for Global Health focused on early-stage medical research and development against neglected tropical diseases (NTDs), malaria and tuberculosis.[121][122][123] It has 150 members, including eight of the world's largest pharmaceutical companies.[124][125] WIPO Re:Search supports collaborations between scientific institutions and pharmaceutical companies all over the world with the goal to advance research for medicines, treatment methods and diagnostic techniques against the neglected tropical diseases that affect over 1 billion people worldwide.[126][127] Through these collaborations as well as its fellowship program, WIPO Re:Search provides shared compound libraries, repurposing methods, capacity building and works on the growth of international scientific networks.[128] Green technologies Main article: WIPO GREEN is a free to access online marketplace for sustainable technology.[129][130][131][132] It consists of three main elements: WIPO GREEN online database of green technologies and needs, WIPO GREEN partners network.[133] It has a network of 120 partners and aims to bring together organizations in green technology help the implementation and diffusion of green technologies around the world.[134][135] The WIPO GREEN database is an online platform where green technologies can explain their needs and seek collaboration with providers.[136][137] WIPO GREEN 'acceleration projects' are organized annually in different countries or regions of the world, in collaboration with local organizations.[130] These projects usually address a particular field and connect providers and seekers of green technologies.[140] WIPO Judicial Institute Main article: WIPO Judicial Institute The WIPO Judicial Institute was established in 2019 to coordinate and lead WIPO's work with national and regional judiciaries. ^ "Policy". The Committee meets twice per year and formulates recommendations for consideration by the WIPO General Assembly. p. 29. Archived from the original on 14 October 2020. The Paris Convention was the first international agreement to protect the works of creators in other countries.[14] The Convention was adopted in diplomatic conferences held in Paris, France in 1880 and 1883, it was then signed on 20 March 1883, on behalf of Brazil, France in 1880 and 1883, it was then signed on 20 March 1883, it was then Related Rights (SCCR)". Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications. ^ "Daren Tang Assumes Functions as WIPO Director General". ^ "What are UN specialized agencies, and how many are there?". It is published by the World Intellectual Property Organization, in partnership with Cornell University, INSEAD, and other organisations and institutions, [194] [195] and is based on both subjective and objective data derived from several sources, including the International Telecommunication Union, the World Bank and the World Bank and the World Bank and the Vorld Bank and the World Bank and the W of the policy and decision making bodies can constitute Permanent Committees or Standing Committees are ad hoc groups of experts established for a given purpose and acting as a place for policy discussions and negotiations on the future development of intellectual property. ^ "Lisbon Search". Research Handbook on Design Law. Headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland, WIPO has "external offices" around the world, including in Algiers (Algeria); Beijing (China), Tokyo (Japan); Abuja (Nigeria); Moscow (Russia); and Singapore (Singapore).[10] Unlike most UN organizations, WIPO has "external offices" around the world, including in Algiers (Algeria); Beijing (China), Tokyo (Japan); Abuja (Nigeria); Moscow (Russia); and Singapore (Singapore).[10] Unlike most UN organizations, WIPO has "external offices" around the world, including in Algiers (Algeria); Beijing (China), Tokyo (Japan); Abuja (Nigeria); Abuja voluntary contributions from member states; 95 percent of its budget comes from fees related to its global services.[11] WIPO currently has 193 member states, [12] including 190 UN members, among the countries recognised by the UN are the Federated States of Micronesia, Palau and South Sudan. Retrieved 7 August 2013. ^ "Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration" (PDF). Retrieved 16 September 2021. doi:10.34667/tind.42806. There are currently 15 specialized agencies: ... Archived from the original on 29 November 2016. The Division is also responsible for supervising the full range of protocol services across the Organization. ^ "Frequently Asked Questions: Geographical Indications". 8 January 2014. Retrieved 26 May 2011. ^ WIPO (6 August 2009). ^ WIPO (14 November 2011). Retrieved 8 September 2021. It consisted of the Convention proper, which contains 19 articles, and the Protocole de clôture (Final Protocol), which is almost the same length as the Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property later became part of BIRPI and later WIPO.[16] 1886 - Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works Main article: Berne convention for the protection of literary and artistic works The Berne Convention was adopted in 1886, it deals with copyright, the protection of works and rights of authors and rights of legal and policy. ^ "Creative Commons — Attribution 4.0 International — CC BY 4.0". It is an administrator of cases and a provider of legal and policy. expertise. Retrieved 17 September 2021. The main policy and decision making bodies of WIPO are the Coordination Committee and the General Assembly.[85] Twenty-two Assembly March 2020. "Promoting Access to Medical Technologies and Innovation - Intersections between Public Health, Intellectual Property and Trade". ^ "WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty". 1891 - Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Main article: Marks In 1891 nine of the 14 States to the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property created the first "special arrangements for the protection of industrial property". www3.wipo.int. Archived from the original on 9 May 2020. PATENTSCOPE is a public patent database provided by WIPO that serves as an official publication source for patent applications filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty and covers numerous national and regional patent collections. "Union internationale pour la protection des oeuvres littéraires et artistiques 1886-1936". ^ "Convention Establishing courses". the World Intellectual Property Organization signed at Stockholm on 14 July 1967, Preamble, second paragraph". ^ "WIPO Re:Search". 153 countries are currently party to the PCT.[36] Under the PCT.[36] Und has been filed for the same invention (the "priority date").[37] This one PCT
application has the same legal effect as filing separate regional or national patent applications in all PCT members". A "Kampot Pepper Promotion Association". ^ "Economics and legal effect as filing separate regional or national patent applications in all PCT members". Statistics Division". www.origin-gi.com. patentscope.wipo.int. 31 August 2020. ^ "WIPO Global Design Database". ^ a b "Summary of the Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published WORS for Persons Who Are Blind, Visually Impaired, or Otherwise Print Disabled (MVT) (2013)". The system is administered by WIPO. Retrieved 25 September 2020. Forty-eight countries signed the treaty on 26 June, followed by 19 other countries in 2013. The General Assembly appoints the Director General Assembly appoints the Director General Assembly appoints the Wayback Machine, Press Release 442, Geneva/Singapore, March 28, 2006. Retrieved 19 October 2008. Artistiques, Union Internationale Pour La Protection Des Oeuvres Littéraires Et (1936). Retrieved 18 October 2013. The Traditional Knowledge Division is also responsible for facilitating multilateral negotiations in the WIPO Intergovernmental Committee on Intellectual Property and Genetic Resources, Traditional Knowledge and Folklore. [164] Publications and databases WIPO published in the official languages of the United Nations: Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish. [165] The WIPO Knowledge Repository holds the archive of WIPO publications and documentations since 1885, as well as a library of academic research literature on intellectual property.[166] WIPO adopted an Open Access Policy in 2016.[167] Its publications are free to reuse and modify, under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 license.[165][168] Flagship publications Databases Global Innovation Index[169] WIPOLex[170] World Intellectual Property Report[171] PATENTSCOPE[172] World Intellectual Property Indicators[173] Global Brand Database[176] Madrid Yearly Review[177] IP Statistics Data Center[178] Hague Yearly Review[179] WIPO GREEN Database of Innovative Technologies and Needs[180] WIPO Magazine[181] Madrid Monitor[182] WIPO Technology Trends[183] Hague Express[184] WIPO Pearl[188] Access to Research for Development and Innovation (ARDI)[189] Access to Specialized Patent Information (ASPI)[190] Pat-Informed[191] World Intellectual Property Indicators, providing a wide range of indicators covering the areas of intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the annual World Intellectual Property Indicators Since 2009, WIPO has published the 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Global Innovation Index The Global Innovation Index is an annual ranking of countries by their capacity for, and success in, innovation Index are also being discussed within the Committee.[147] World Intellectual Property Day World Intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to 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global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectual Property Day is an annual global public awareness campaign to "highlight the role and contribution of intellectu public awareness and understanding in this field of human endeavor." In 2000, WIPO's Member States formally designated 26 April - the day on which the WIPO Convention came into force in 2009, PR/2008/581, Geneva, December 17, 2008. ^ "Le Comté, 1er fromage AOP de France". www.ipaustralia.gov.au. ^ "Cambodia's Kampot Pepper: First Geographical Indication Viennae". The World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO): A Reference Guide. Strasbourg Agreement Concerning the International Patent Classification Viennae". Agreement Establishing an International Classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing an International classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Policy work Genetic resources, traditional knowledge and traditional classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing an International classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing and traditional classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing and traditional classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing and traditional classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing and traditional classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing and traditional classification of the Figurative Elements of Marks Vienna Agreement Establishing and traditional classification of the governments have sought effective intellectual property (IP) protection for traditional cultural expressions (folklore) and traditional knowledge developed, sustained and passed on from generation to generation within a community, it is not easily protected under the current IP system, which typically grants protection for a limited period to new inventions and original works as private rights.[119] Some genetic resources, too, are linked to traditional knowledge and related practices through their use and conservation by Indigenous peoples and local communities. ^ "WIPO GREEN Acceleration Projects" Innovation and entrepreneurship : a competency framework (First ed.). ^ "Publications: Madrid Yearly Review". Comté (in French). Archived from the original on 27 September 2020. The treaty entered into force on 28 April 2020 following the receipt of the 30th ratification or accession and as of August 2021 has 42 contracting parties.[90][91] Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, usually known as the Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, usually known as the Berne Convention has 179 contracting parties, most of which are parties to the Paris Act of 1971.[93][94] Berne Convention Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite
Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution of Programme-Carrying Signals Transmitted by Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distribution Satellite Brussels Convention Relating to the Distributic Brussels Conven Madrid Agreement Concerning the International Registration of Marks Marrakesh VIP Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Persons who are Blind, Visually Impaired or Otherwise Print Disabled, colloquially Marrakesh Treaty or MVT[95]) is a treaty on copyright adopted in Marrakesh, Morocco, on 27 June 2013.[96][97][98] It achieved the deposit of 20 instruments of ratification or accession by eligible parties needed for entry into force on June 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later, on September 30, 2016 and entered into force three months later because the Union joined as a block.[99] Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Visually Impaired Persons or otherwise Print Disabled Nairobi Treaty on the Protection of the Olympic Symbol Nairobi Treaty on the Protection of the Olympic Symbol Nairobi Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Visually Impaired Persons or otherwise Print Disabled Nairobi Treaty on the Protection of the Olympic Symbol Nairobi Treaty on for the Protection of Industrial Property, signed in Paris, France, on 20 March 1883, was one of the first intellectual provisions for developing countries.[17] The Convention follows three basic principles; that works originating in one of the Contracting States must be given the same protection in each of the other Contracting States (principle of "national treatment"), that there is automatic protection and no formal process is required and that protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no formal process is required and the protection and no format process is required and the protection and no format process is required and the protection and no format process is required and the protection and no format process is required and the protection and process is required and the was created to oversee the Berne Convention and later became part of BIRPI and later WIPO. ^ Article 1 of the Agreement ^ Strasbourg Notification ^ WIPO (2016). It provides additional protections for copyright to respond to advances in information technology since the formation of previous copyright treaties before it.[107] As of August 2021, the treaty has 110 contracting parties.[108] The WCT and WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty, are together termed WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty the WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty are together termed WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty are together termed WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty The WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty are together termed WIPO Performances are together termed WIPO Perfo Treaty (or WPPT) is an international treaty signed by the member states of the World Intellectual Property Indicators - 2015 Edition". ^ "WIPO GREEN: Facilitating Dissemination of Green Technology". ^ "Launch of World Intellectual Property Indicators - 2015 Edition". "WIPO Academy". ^ "Rome Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organizations". Retrieved 18 February 2021. ^ "World Bank Group". ^ "Summary of the Paris Convention". "Innovative Technologies Tackling Food Loss". ^ "Consumer Project on Technology web site, Access to Knowledge (A2K)". Any WIPO Standing Committee or other bodies also decide to establish a working group to examine a question.[87][88] WIPO administered treaties WIPO administered treaties, including the WIPO Convention.[89] Intellectual property protection treaties Intellectual property protection treaties define internationally agreed basic standards of intellectual property (IP) protection in each country.[89] Name Description Treaty on Audiovisual Performances The Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances The Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances is a multilateral treaty which regulates copyright for audiovisual performances and expands the performers' rights. ^ "WIPO IP Office Business Solutions". 27 October 2015. World Intellectual Property OrganizationAbbreviationWIPOFormation14 July 1967; 54 years ago
(1967-07-14) Type United Nations specialised agencyLegal statusActiveHeadquartersGeneva, SwitzerlandMembership 193 member statesHeadDaren TangDirector GeneralParent organizationUnited Nations Economic and Social CouncilWebsitewww.wipo.int Politics portal The United Nations Headquarters (New York City). ISSN 0006-291X. German Association for the Protection of Intellectual Property (GRUR) Newsletter. South China Morning Post. ^ "Better international protection for Swiss geographical indications". "Palestine WIPO IP Facts (link) ^ WIPO. G. ^ "WIPO. G. ^ "WIPO. G. ^ "Better international protection for Swiss geographical indications". "Palestine WIPO IP Facts and Figures". Archived from the original on 8 August 2017. {{cite book}}: Check date values in: |date= (help) ^ "The PCT now has 153 Contracting States". 18 May 2021. Green Growth Knowledge Platform. 27)" (PDF). These services are provided through the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) (providing 76.6% of revenue), Madrid System (providing 76.6% of revenue). 16.3% of revenue) and Hague System (providing 1.4% of revenue).[84] Governance and normative work WIPO Assemblies WIPO Assemblies WIPO Assemblies develop global intellectual property agreements through bringing stakeholders. ^ "UPDATE: International Trademark Law - The Madrid System - GlobaLex". WIPO Knowledge Repository. ^ "Nice Classification". Retrieved 19 July 2021. The fee is paid in Swiss france. [78] International design applications are filed directly through WIPO, according to the requirements and procedures established by the resulting international registrations.[80] According to the rules laid out by the Hague Agreement, anyone who is a national of, or who has a domicile, habitual residence or real and effective industrial or commercial establishment in any Hague System contracting party[81] - including any country of the European Union or the African Intellectual Property Organization - can use the Hague System. The Agreement between the United Nations and the World Intellectual activity and for facilitating the transfer of technology related to industrial property to the developing countries in order to accelerate economic, social and cultural development, subject to the competence and responsibilities of the United Nations Development, the United Nations and its organs, particularly the United Nations Development Programme and the United Nations (National Science Content of the United National Scienc Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and of other agencies within the United Nations system. Retrieved 26 April 2015. "WIPO External Offices". Along with the Protocol Relating to the Madrid Agreement (1989) it created the Madrid System, the primary international system for facilitating the registration of trademarks in multiple jurisdictions around the world.[19] BIRPI Main article: BIRPI The Bureaus created to administer the Berne Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property were under "the high supervision" (haute surveillance) of the Government of the Swiss Confederation. p. 39. ^ "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligenc Peter (2020). Ciel.org. Retrieved 28 April 2021. Traditional Knowledge Background Briefs. Archived from the original on 29 May 2019. ^ "WIPO Re:Search - Global Health Progress". ^ "WIPO Re:Search - Glo names, service marks, geographical indications as well as the "repression of unfair competition". ^ Indigenous Knowledge: Issues for protection and management (PDF). ec.europa.eu.{{cite web}}: CS1 maint: url-status (link) ^ "WIPO Lex". wipolex.wipo.int. In 1893 the Swiss government combined them with the same director and same staff as United International Bureaux for the Protection of Intellectual Property, Bureaux internationaux réunis pour la protection de la propriété intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) which superseded it 87 years later, in 1970.[21] Formation of WIPO WIPO was formally created by the Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization, which entered into force on 26 April 1970.[22] WIPO allowed members who were part of the United Nations, any of its specialized agencies, the International Atomic Energy Agency or the International Court of Justice [23] That date is commemorated annually as World Intellectual Property Day, which raises awareness of the importance of IP. ^ "WIPO-Administered Treaties | Contracting Parties > Beijing Treaty on Audiovisual Performances (Treaty not yet in force)". ^ "ASPI - Specialized Patent Information". Retrieved 9 July 2021. {{cite journal}}: CS1 maint: url-status (link) ^ Organization, World Intellectual Property (1991). creativecommons.org. The General Assembly also elects WIPO's chief administrator, the Director General, currently Daren Tang of Singapore, who took office on 1 October 2020.[9] WIPO is administered by a Secretariat that helps carry out its day-to-day activities. ^ "About WIPO Standards". ^ a b c d "WIPO-Administered Treaties". 19 June 1970, amended on 28 September 1979, modified on 3 February 1984, and on 3 October 2001. ^ "Publications: PCT Yearly Review". ISBN 9780821382691. Lisbon System The Lisbon System for the International Registration of Appellations of Origin and Geographical indications provides a means of obtaining international protection for a geographical indication or an appellation of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications and appellations of origin are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications are intellectual property rights which identify a product that originates from a specific geographical indications are intellectual property rights attributable to its geographical origin.[52] Comté cheese (France), Chulucanas pottery (Peru), Tequila (Mexico), Porto (Portugal), Herend porcelain (Hungary), and Kampot pepper (Cambodia) are examples of appellations of origin and geographical indications registered under the Lisbon System.[53][54][55][56][57][58][59] Through a single registration and one set of fees, protection can be obtained in the other countries (and intergovernmental organizations, such as the European Union) covered by the Lisbon System includes the Lisbon System includes the Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration of 1958 ('the Lisbon System includes the Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration of 1958 ('the Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration of 1958 ('the Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration of 1958 ('the Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration of International Registration of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration of International Registration Registration of Agreement') and, its latest revision, the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications of 2015 ('the Geneva Act') form the Lisbon System.[63][64][65][66] Registrations under the Lisbon System are published in the official bulletin and can be searched through the Lisbon Express Database.[67][68][69][70] WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Center The WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Center was established in 1994 as an international resource for alternatives to court litigation of intellectual property and technology disputes. ^ "Collaboration with WIPO GREEN | Japan Patent Office". Retrieved 29 July 2021. doi:10.34667/tind.28828. The Center also provides domain name dispute resolution services under the WIPO-designed UDRP. ^ "WIPO - Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works". The World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO; French: Organization (UN)) is one of the 15 specialized agencies of the United Nations (UN) [1][2][notes 1] Pursuant to the 1967 Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization, WIPO was created to promote and protect intellectual property (IP) across the world by cooperating with countries as well as international organizations.[5] It began operations on 26 April 1970 when the convention entered into force. References ^ "REPERTORY OF PRACTICE OF UNITED NATIONS ORGANS SUPPLEMENT No. 10 (2000-2009) - ARTICLE 17(3)" (PDF). Retrieved 1 May 2018. Archived from the original on 19 June 2012. "Getting an international trade mark". It provides creators including writers, poets, painters, musicians with ways
to control how and by who their works are used and the terms of use. ^ "WIPO Assemblies". ^ "A Herendi porcelánmanufaktúra Zrt. ^ "Pat-INFORMED". ^ Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, Status October 1, 2020 (PDF). As of August 2021, the treaty has been 109 contracting parties.[111] WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty Global protection system treaties Global protection system treaties govern WIPO's services, ensuring that one international registration or filing will have effect in any of the relevant signatory States.[89] Name Description Treaty text Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure The Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure, or Budapest, Hungary, on April 28, 1977. Archived from the original on 12 April 2016. ^ Media, Newton. The agreement came into force in 1966, and was revised at Stockholm (1967) and amended in 1979 and 2015. Quartz. Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Industrial Designs, also known as the Hague system provides a mechanism for registering an industrial design in several countries by means of a single application, filed in one language, with one set of fees. Hague Agreement Concerning the International Deposit of Industrial Designs Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration The Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration, signed on 31 October 1958, ensures that in member countries, appellations of origin receive protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations The Rome Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations and the Rome Convention, 496 U.N.T.S 43, was accepted by members of the United International Bureaux for the Protection of Intellectual Property (BIRPI), the predecessor to the modern World Intellectual Property (BIRPI), the International Labour Organisation, and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. wipo.int. {{cite web}}: CS1 maint: url-status (link) ^ "EU becomes member of treaty for better protection of geographical indications". ^ Hui, Mary. ^ "Traditional Knowledge". Consulted on December 25, 2008. ^ "WIPO Re:Search: Catalyzing Public-Private Partnerships to Accelerate Tropical Disease Drug Discovery and Development". ^ WIPO (25 November 2011). ^ Galanakis, Charis M.; Oksen, Peter (2020). It offers alternative dispute resolution, and expert determination to resolve international commercial disputes between private parties. Wipo.int. Retrieved 1 September 2021. ^ "Summary of the Marrakesh Treaty to Facilitate Access to Published Works for Persons Who Are Blind, Visually Impaired, or Otherwise Print Disabled". Industrial Property (1883).[43][44] The Madrid System is a centralized trademark registration system: through a single application, in one language and with one set of fees (in one currency, the Swiss franc), protection can be modified, renewed or expanded, centrally through WIPO (rather than through each separate IP Office).[47] The Madrid System can only be used by a natural person or a legal entity, which is a national, is domiciled or has a company in the territory of a member of the Madrid System. ^ "WIPO Madrid Monitor". ^ "Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works". Archived from the original on 15 June 2008. ^ "Archived copy" (PDF). Ricoh Europe. WIPO Directors General[197] No. Term Name From 1 1970-1973 Georg Bodenhausen Netherlands 2 1973-1997 Árpád Bogsch United States 3 1997-2008 Kamil Eltayeb Idris Sudan 4 2008-2020 Francis Gurry Australia 5 2020-present Daren Tang Singapore On 1 October 2020, Daren Tang of Singapore succeeded Gurry as Director General.[198] His candidate, Wang Binying,[199] who received 28 votes out of the 83 voting members.[200] See also Anti-Counterfeiting Trade Agreement Intellectual property organization List of parties to international copyright agreements Member states of the World Intellectual Property Organization treaties Further reading Research Handbook on the World Intellectual Property Organization: The First 50 Years and Beyond Notes ^ In some sources, [3][4] the UN indicates that there are 17 specialized agencies, when counting the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), the International Finance Corporation (IFC), and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), the International Finance Corporation (IFC) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), the International Finance Corporation (IFC) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and the International Development Association (IDA), all part of the World Bank Group (WBG), as individual specialized agencies. It is updated every five years and its latest 11th[115] version of the system groups products into 45 classes (classes 1-34 include goods and classes 35-45 embrace services), and allows users seeking to trademark a good or service to choose from these classes as appropriate. It lays down provisions for what qualifies as an appellation of origin, protection measures and establishes an International Register of Appellations of Origin, run by the World Intellectual Property Organization. Dag Hammarskjöld Library. Archived from the original on 3 January 2018. New York. ^ The Madrid Protocol (PDF). ^ "PCT - The International Patent System". ^ Matthews, Charles H. J.; Bryant, R. ^ "Hague System Member Profiles".

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